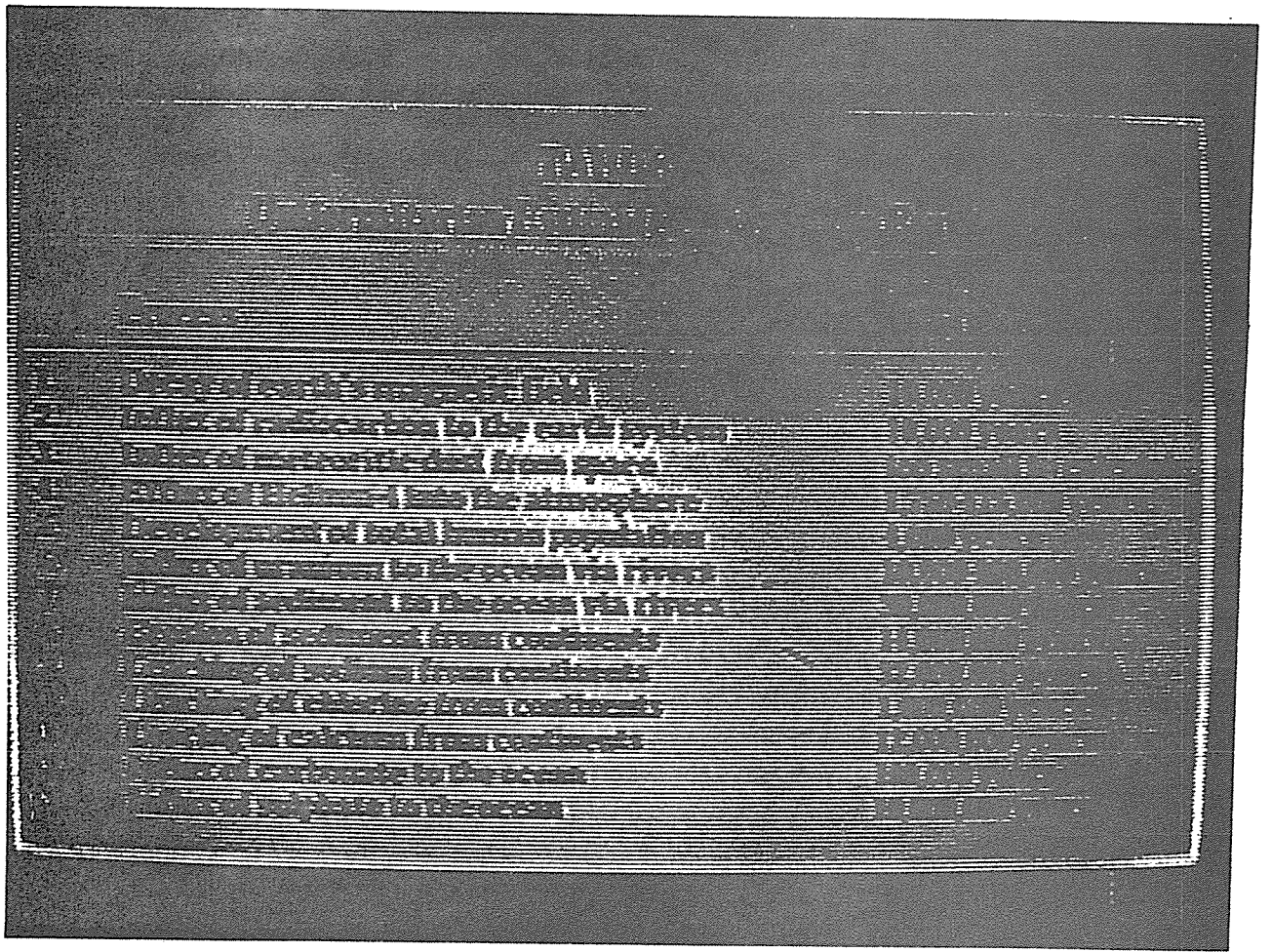
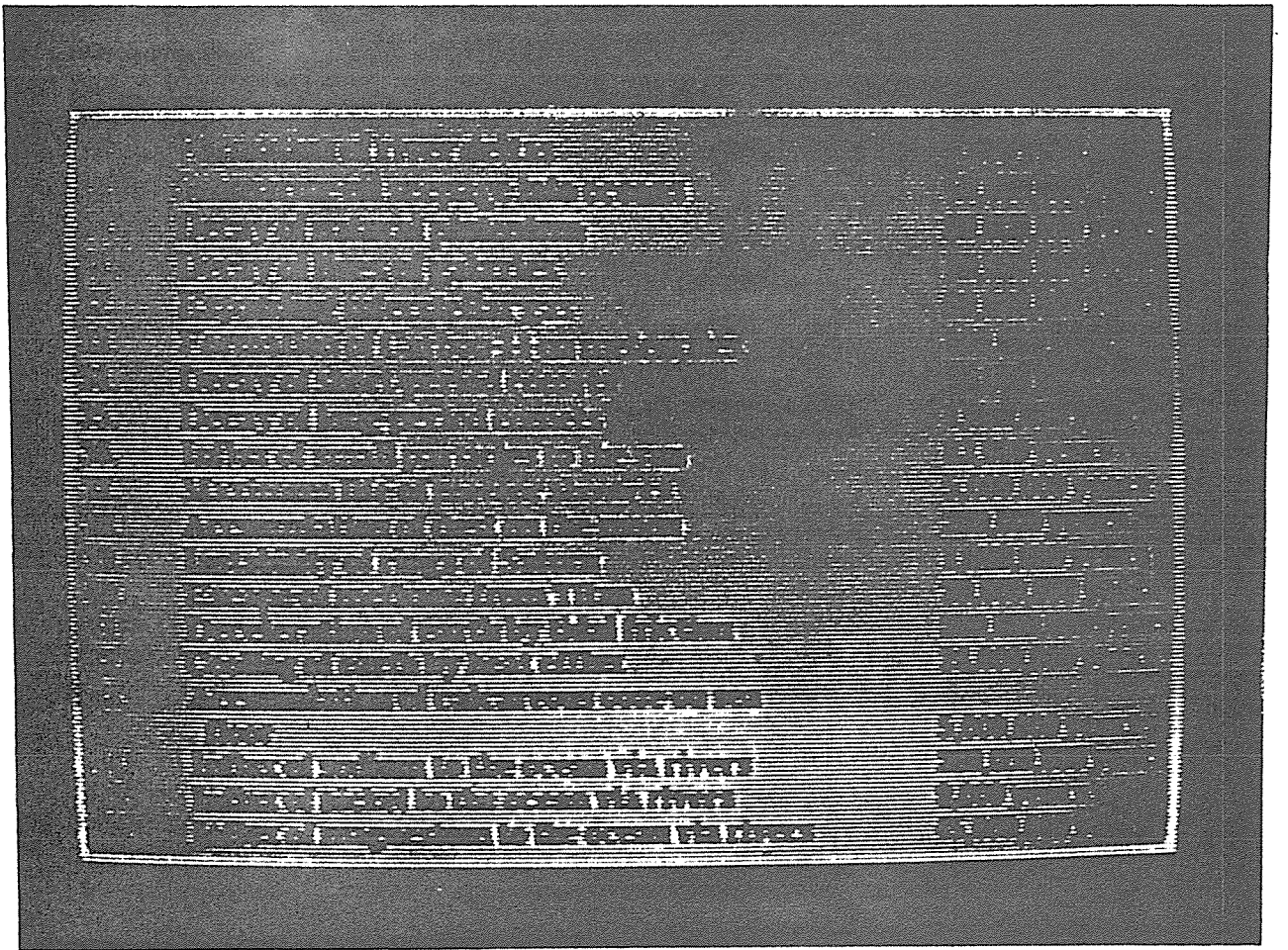


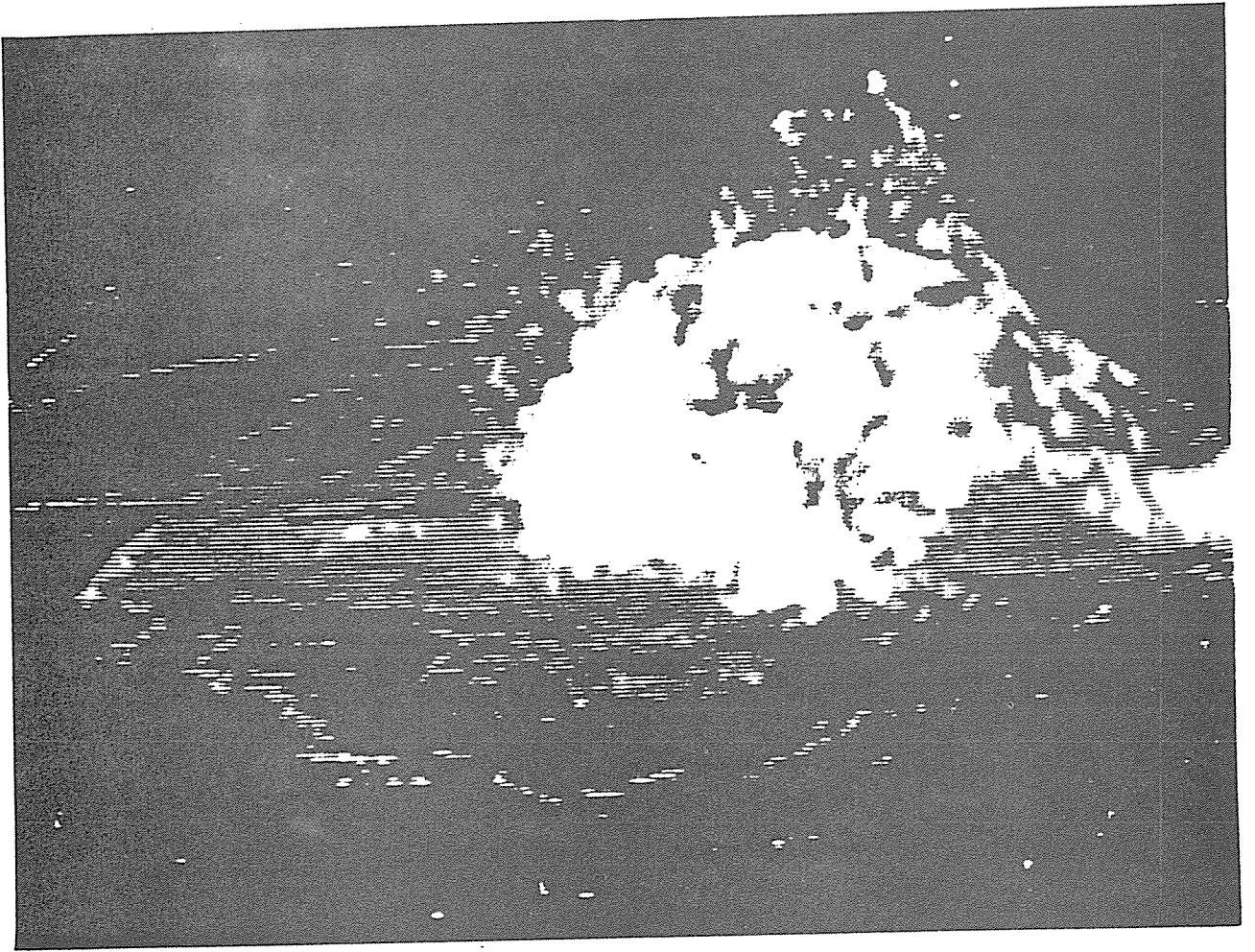
加 拉 太 書 274 圖 工



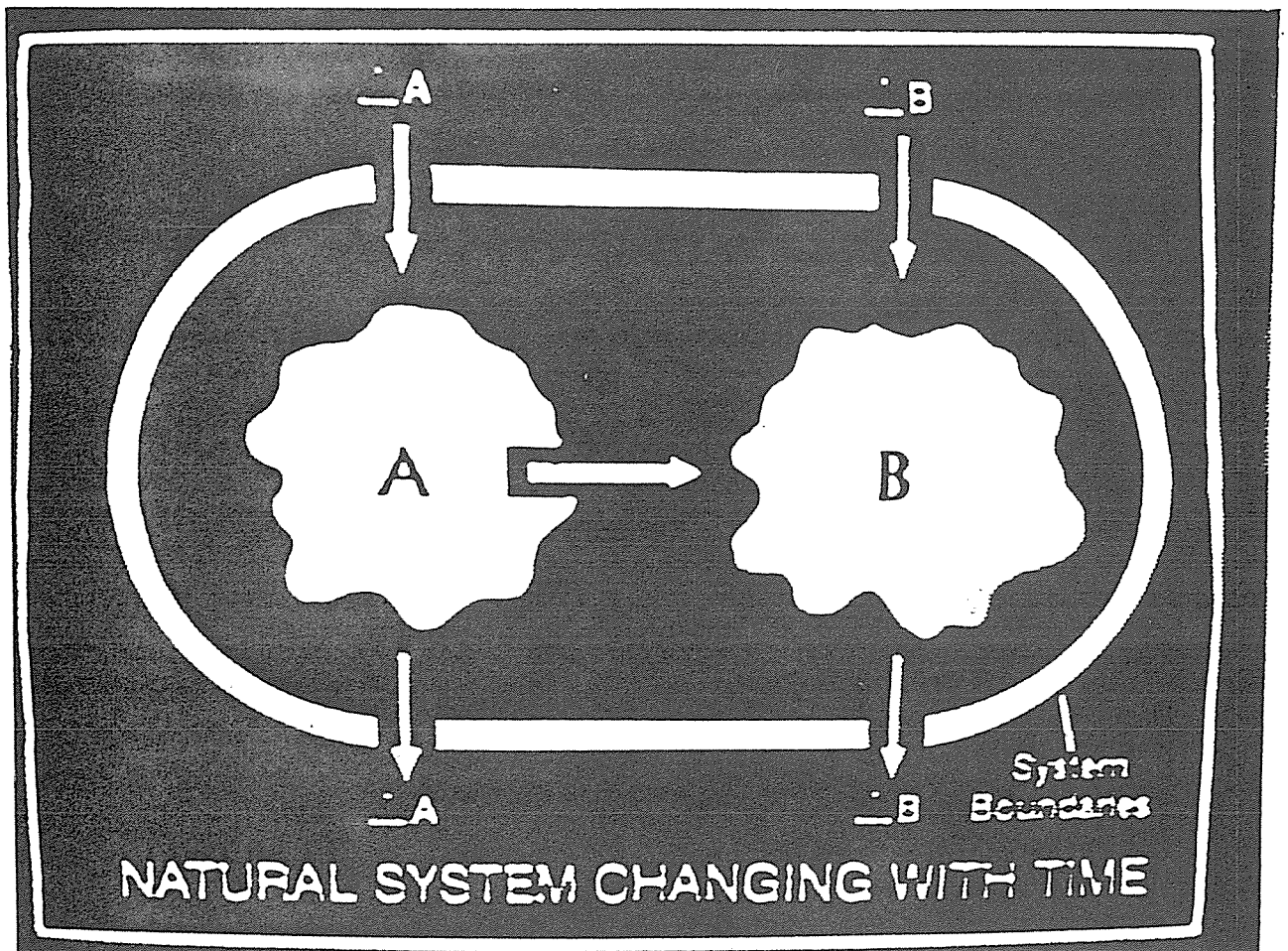
加拉太書 2/4 圖 2



加拉太書 274 圖 3



加拉太書 2:74 圖 4



$(A_0 - A_1) = RT \pm \Delta A$

$(B_1 - B_0) = RT \pm \Delta B$

Combining Equations:

$$(A_0 - A_1) + (B_1 - B_0) = 2RT \pm \Delta A \pm \Delta B$$
$$T = \frac{(A_0 - A_1) + (B_1 - B_0) \pm \Delta A \pm \Delta B}{2R}$$

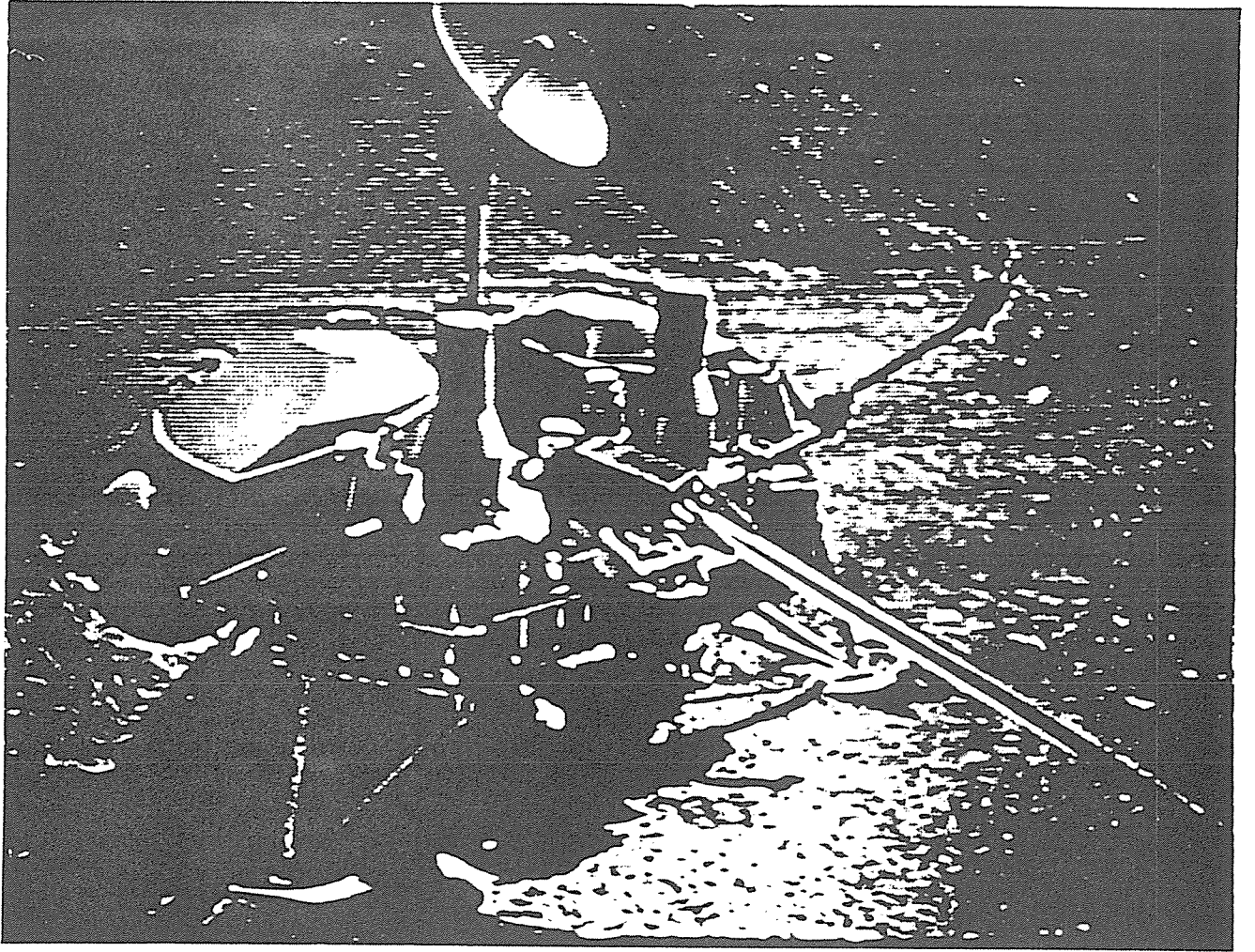
$$T = \frac{(A - A_1) \cdot (B - B_1) \cdot \Delta A \cdot \Delta B}{2H}$$

- (1) Assume $R = \text{Constant}$... i.e., Uniformity
- (2) Assume $\Delta A = \Delta B = 0$... i.e., Isolated System
- (3) Assume $B_1 = 0$... i.e., Initial Condition
- (4) Assume $A_2 = A_1 + B_1$... i.e., Conservation

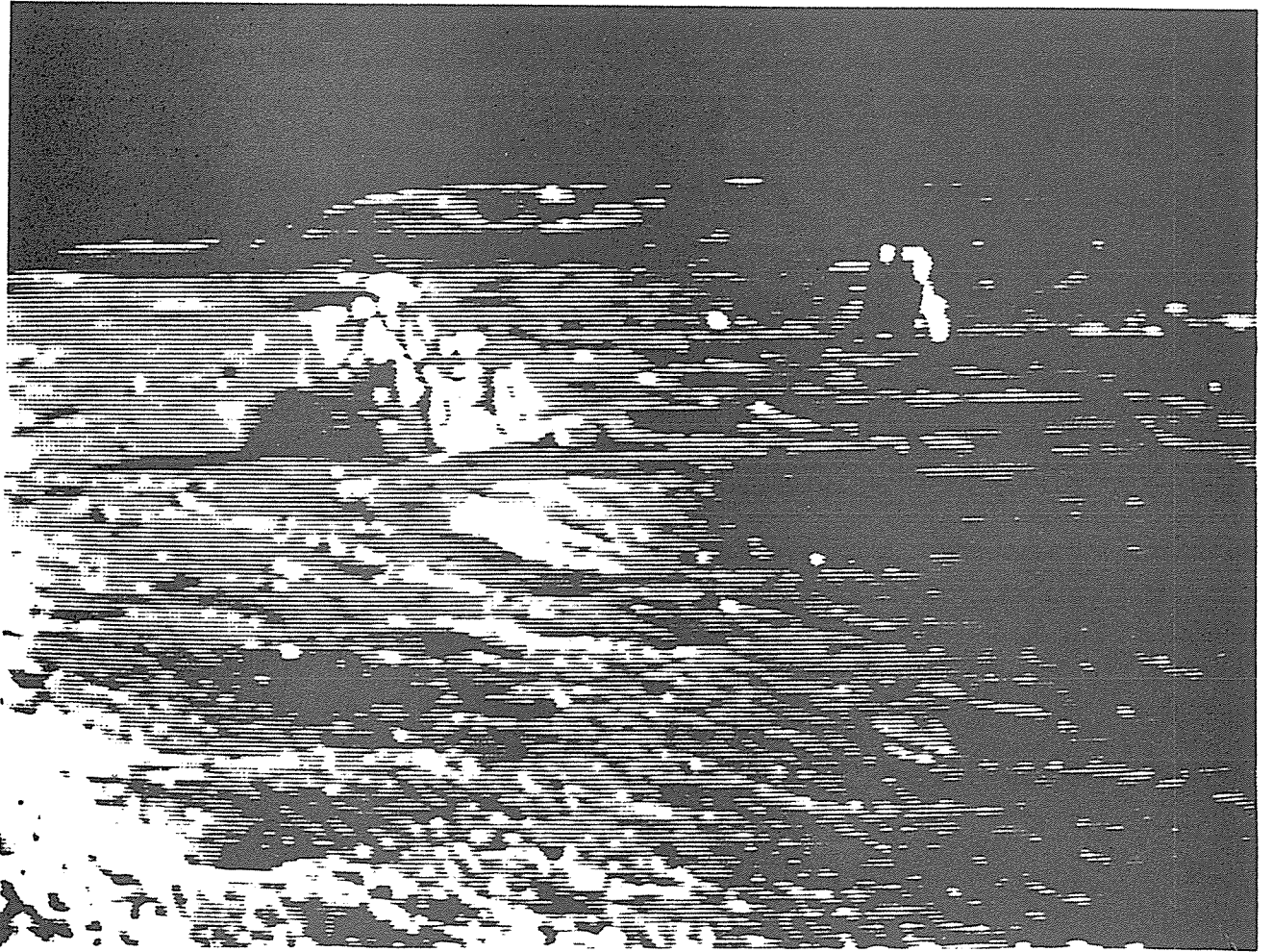
(Only Assumption (4) is valid!)

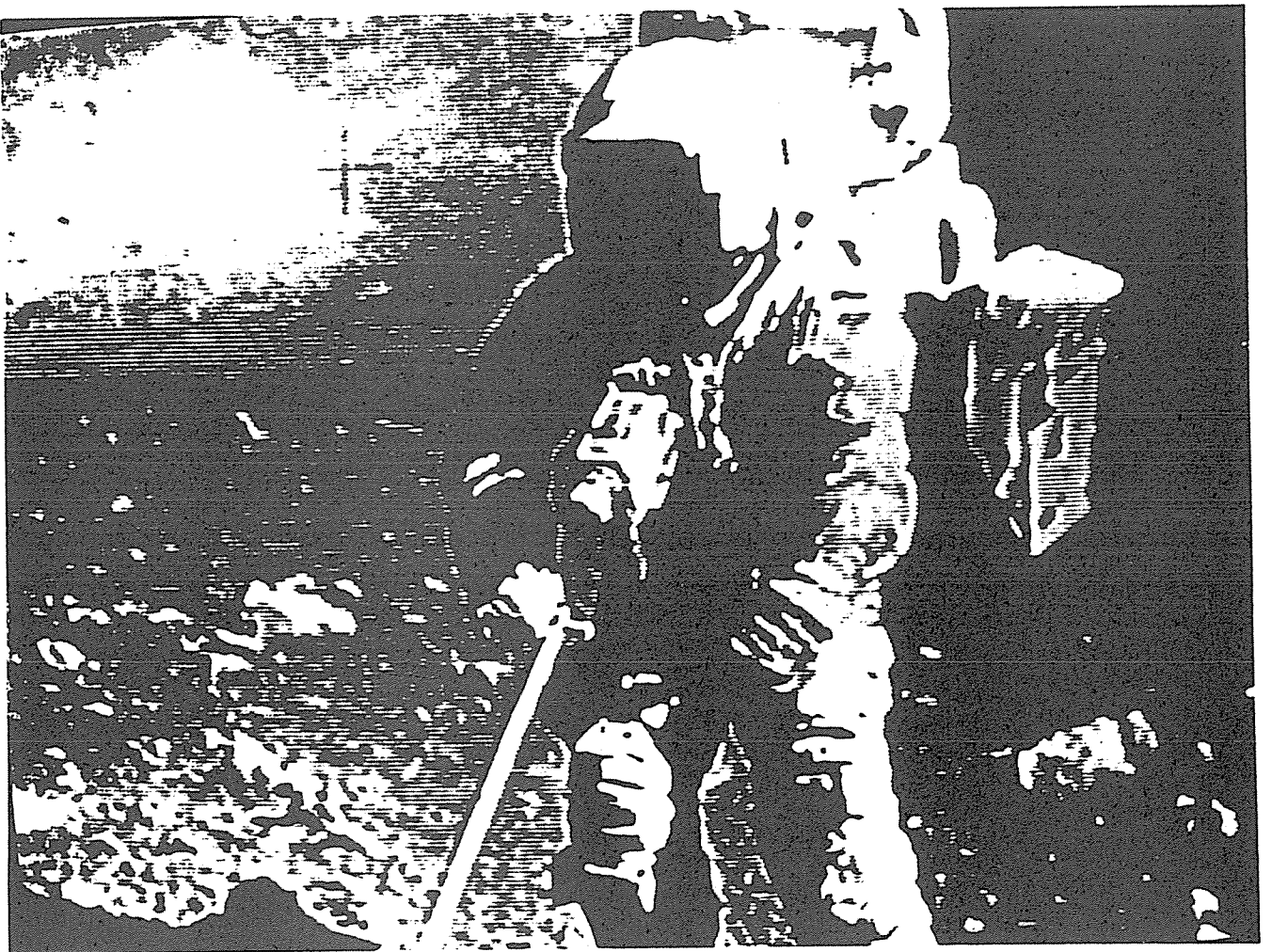
Then $T = B \cdot R$

加拉太書 274 圖 7

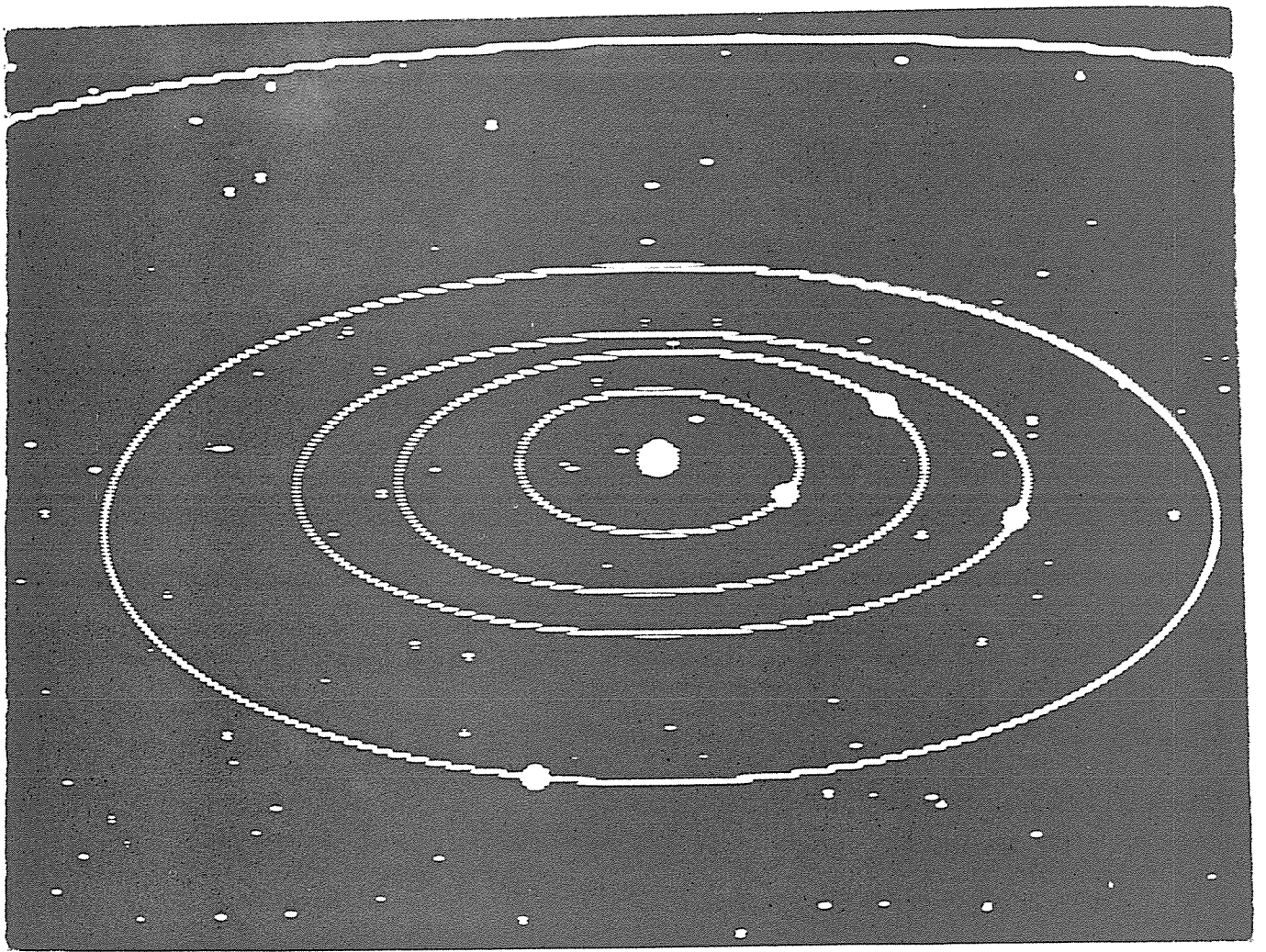


加拉太書 274 圖 8

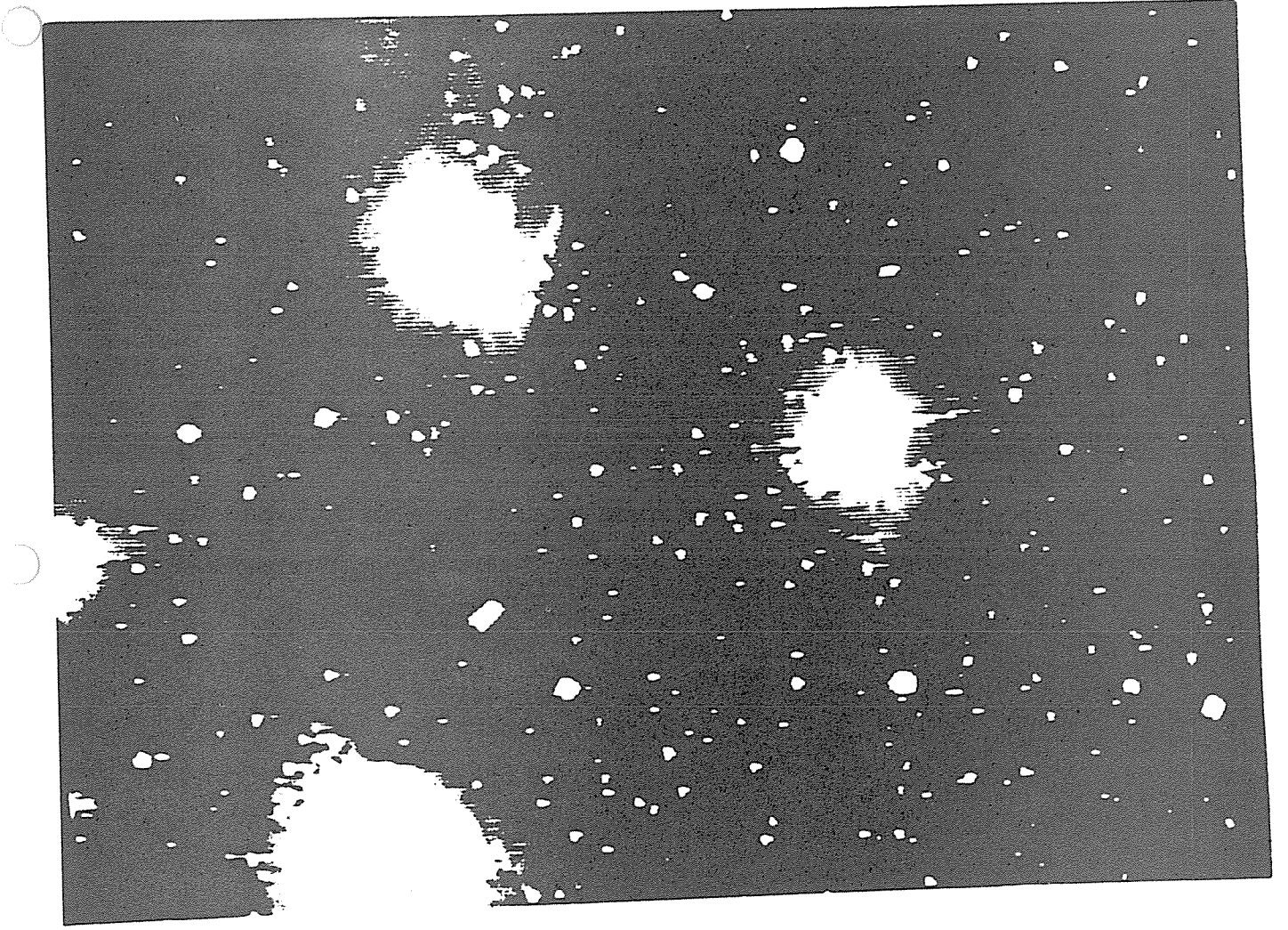




加拉太書 274 圖 10



加拉太書 274 圖 11



加拉大書 274 12/12

